



T.A.S.K. MINISTRIES

Fivefold Leadership Training Center Manual

Apostle Paula Wellings, Instructor

Evangelists – Rise Up!

TABLE OF CONTENTS

LESSONS	CHAPTER TOPICS	PAGE
I.	Letter to Evangelists	2
II.	Understanding the Role of the Evangelist	3-4
III.	Reflecting the Kingdom of God	5-7
IV.	Collaboration and Practical Outreach	8-10
V.	Preparing to Engage	11-16

I. Introductory Letter to the Evangelist

Dear Evangelists,

The time is now for you to rise and exercise the power, gifts, and authority bestowed upon you. The urgency of your call cannot be overstated. You are the torchbearers of the gospel, the heralds of hope, and the messengers of salvation. Your role is pivotal in establishing the church's position and purpose in a world that is desperate for truth and light.



Neglecting the lost is neglecting the very mission of the church. When we fail to reach out to those who do not know Jesus, we weaken the foundation of our faith and diminish the impact of our ministry. The world is crying out for deliverance from demonic activity, the burdens of sin, and the overwhelming cares of life. People are yearning for the peace and freedom that only God can provide.

Your voice, your testimony, and your unwavering commitment to the gospel are needed now more than ever. The fields are ripe for harvest, and the laborers are few. Step forward with boldness and compassion, knowing that your efforts are not in vain. Every soul you reach, every heart you touch, and every life you transform brings us closer to fulfilling the great commission.

Let us not be silent or complacent. The world needs to know about Jesus. They need to hear of His love, His grace, and His power to save. As evangelists, you have been entrusted with a sacred duty. Embrace it with fervor and dedication, for the glory of God and the salvation of souls.

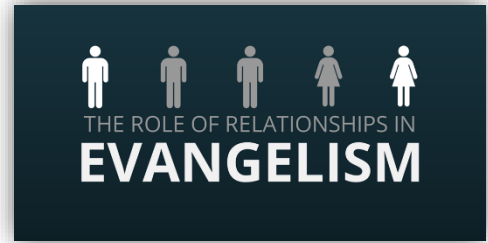
In Christ's Service,

Teacher (Dr.) Pamela B. Wise

II. Understanding the Role of the Evangelist

A. Definition of the Evangelist's Role

An evangelist is a messenger of the Good News (the Gospel) of Jesus Christ, tasked with proclaiming salvation to those who do not yet believe. Their primary role is to spread the Gospel message, lead people to faith in Jesus, and equip others to do the same. Evangelists act as spiritual harvesters, drawing people into the Kingdom of God and connecting them to the Church for discipleship and growth.



B. Biblical Foundation of the Evangelist

1. The Great Commission

- Matthew 28:19-20:

"Go therefore and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit, teaching them to observe all that I have commanded you."

- Jesus' final instructions to His disciples include evangelism as a core command: reaching the lost and teaching them to follow Him.

2. Spiritual Office of the Evangelist

- Ephesians 4:11-12:

"And he gave the apostles, the prophets, the evangelists, the shepherds and teachers, to equip the saints for the work of ministry, for building up the body of Christ."

- The evangelist is one of the five-fold ministry gifts, specifically called to equip the Church to engage in outreach and evangelism.

3. Biblical Examples of Evangelists

- Philip the Evangelist:

- Acts 8:4-8: Philip preached in Samaria, leading many to salvation, performing miracles, and spreading joy.
- Acts 8:26-40: He was obedient to the Holy Spirit, explaining the Scriptures to the Ethiopian eunuch and baptizing him.

- Paul the Apostle:

- While an apostle, Paul often functioned as an evangelist, traveling extensively to share the Gospel and plant churches.
- 1 Corinthians 9:22: "I have become all things to all people, that by all means I might save some."

4. The Heart of the Evangelist

- Romans 10:14-15:

"How then will they call on him in whom they have not believed? And how are they to believe in him of whom they have never heard? And how are they to hear without

someone preaching? And how are they to preach unless they are sent? As it is written, 'How beautiful are the feet of those who preach the good news!'"

- This passage highlights the urgency and importance of the evangelist's mission.

5. Empowered by the Holy Spirit

- Acts 1:8:

"But you will receive power when the Holy Spirit has come upon you, and you will be my witnesses in Jerusalem and in all Judea and Samaria, and to the end of the earth."

- Evangelists rely on the Holy Spirit for boldness, guidance, and effectiveness in their mission.

Key Characteristics of an Evangelist

- Passionate about sharing the Gospel.
 - Compassionate and empathetic toward the lost.
 - Bold and unashamed of the message of salvation.
 - Reliant on the Holy Spirit for power and wisdom.
 - Committed to equipping others to share the Gospel.
-

Conclusion:

This biblical foundation underscores the evangelist's divine calling to bring others into a saving relationship with Christ, fostering growth in the body of Christ and reflecting the heart of God for the world.

- Activities:
 - Group discussion: "What motivates an evangelist?"
 - Practice: Sharing a brief testimony of salvation.
 - Prayer exercise for a heart of compassion for the lost.

III. Contribution of the Evangelist to the Body of Christ

Evangelists play a crucial role in strengthening and growing the Church by bringing in new believers, inspiring and equipping the body of Christ, and fueling spiritual revival.

How evangelists strengthen and grow the Church.



1. Leading People to Salvation

- Evangelists are the "frontline workers" in reaching the lost. They proclaim the Gospel message in a way that compels people to accept Jesus Christ as their Savior.
- Biblical Example:
 - Philip in Acts 8:4-8 brought many Samaritans to salvation through preaching and miracles.
 - Peter on the Day of Pentecost Acts 2:14-41 about three thousand people repented and were baptized after accepting Peter's message.
 - Paul and Silas in Philippi Acts 16:25-34 while imprisoned in Philippi, Paul and Silas were praying and singing hymns when an earthquake shook the prison, opening the doors and loosening the chains. The jailer, fearing the prisoners had escaped, was about to take his own life, but Paul stopped him. The jailer asked what he must do to be saved, and Paul and Silas shared the gospel with him. The jailer and his entire household believed in Jesus and were baptized.
- Impact on the Church:
 - New believers bring fresh energy and life to the congregation.
 - Converts add diversity to the Church and this reflects the universal scope of the Gospel.

2. Connecting New Believers to the Church

- Evangelists serve as bridges between new converts and the Church community, ensuring that the seeds of faith take root in discipleship and fellowship.
- Biblical Example:
 - After Philip evangelized in Samaria, Peter and John followed up to disciple and pray for the new believers (Acts 8:14-17).
 - Barnabas and Paul Acts 11:19-26 when the church in Jerusalem heard about the new believers in Antioch, they sent Barnabas to encourage and strengthen them. Then Barnabas went and got Paul to minister to them. Barnabas was an evangelist known for his encouragement and faith.
- Impact on the Church:
 - Converts integrate into the Church, enriching its worship and activities.
 - Churches grow numerically and spiritually as more people join the body.

3. Equipping and Inspiring Others to Evangelize

- Evangelists mobilize believers by teaching and modeling effective evangelism. They reconcile the lost, restore the backslider, and teach the body of Christ how to reconcile the lost and restore the backslider.
- Ephesians 4:11-12:
 - Evangelists equip the saints "for the work of ministry, for building up the body of Christ."
 - Paul and Timothy Acts 16:1-3 Paul met Timothy in Lystra during his second missionary journey. 1st and 2nd Timothy, Paul wrote letters to Timothy, providing guidance and encouragement. Paul invested time in teaching and training Timothy, equipping him with the knowledge and skills needed for ministry.
- Impact on the Church:
 - Members become more confident in sharing their faith.
 - A Church-wide culture of evangelism emerges, multiplying outreach efforts.

4. Reviving Spiritual Passion in the Church

- Evangelists often ignite spiritual revival, calling believers back to their first love for Christ and their mission to reach the world.
- Biblical Example:
 - Paul encouraged Timothy to "do the work of an evangelist" to keep the Church focused on its mission (2 Timothy 4:5).
 - Paul in Ephesus Acts 19:1-20 When Paul arrived in Ephesus, he found some disciples who had not yet received the Holy Spirit. He explained the gospel more fully to them, baptized them in the name of the Lord Jesus, and laid hands on them so they received the Holy Spirit.
- Impact on the Church:
 - Revival strengthens the Church's faith, unity, and commitment to the Great Commission.
 - Believers are reminded of their purpose, fostering a sense of urgency to spread the Gospel.

5. Expanding the Church's Influence in the Community

- Evangelists often led outreach efforts that demonstrate the love of Christ through acts of service and Gospel proclamation.
- Examples of Outreach:
 - Philip in Samaria Acts 8:4-8) Philip went down to the city of Samaria and proclaimed Jesus there. People listened to him because they wanted to hear his message and see the miracles he did. Evil spirits were cast out, and many who were paralyzed, or lame were healed. Joy was in the city because people experienced physical and spiritual healing.

- Impact on the Church:
 - Builds credibility and trust within the community.
 - Opens doors for the Church to minister to broader audiences.

6. Partnering with Other Ministry Gifts

- Working Together:
 - Evangelists work with apostles to ensure that their outreach efforts align with the broader vision for church planting and expansion.
 - Evangelists collaborate with teachers to ensure that new converts are properly disciplined and integrated into the life of the church.
 - They also work with pastors to ensure the congregation remains outward-focused, motivated to fulfill the Great Commission.
- Biblical Example:
 - Paul's team efforts (Acts 18:24-28): Evangelists like Apollos worked alongside pastors and teachers to grow the Church.
- Impact on the Church:
 - Strengthens the overall health of the Church through balanced ministry.
 - Prevents new believers from falling away by providing discipleship and support.

Conclusion

Evangelists strengthen and grow the Church by being catalysts for salvation, mobilizing believers for outreach, and fostering spiritual renewal. Their work ensures the Church remains vibrant, mission-focused, and continually expanding to fulfill the Great Commission.

- Activity:
 - Class will divide into small groups; each group will brainstorm ways evangelists can contribute to the church today. Think about outreach efforts, community service, and mentoring new believers. Each group shares their ideas with the class.

IV. Reflecting the Kingdom of God Through Evangelism

The Kingdom of God is not defined by geographic boundaries but by God's rule over hearts, lives, and all creation. Evangelists demonstrate Kingdom principles through their actions, words, and the transformative message they carry. By reflecting the heart and reign of God, they exemplify key values of the Kingdom of God such as love, humility, faith, and hope.



Evangelists demonstrate Kingdom principles.

1. Proclaiming the Gospel of the Kingdom

- Core Principle: The Kingdom of God is about salvation, reconciliation, and the reign of Jesus as Lord. Evangelists proclaim this truth to bring people into the Kingdom.
- Scripture:
 - *"And this gospel of the kingdom will be proclaimed throughout the whole world as a testimony to all nations, and then the end will come."* (Matthew 24:14)
- Demonstration:
 - Evangelists make the Kingdom accessible by sharing the message of forgiveness, grace, and eternal life through Jesus Christ.

2. Reflecting the Love of Christ

- Core Principle: Love is the defining characteristic of the Kingdom. Evangelists show the love of God by reaching out to people in their brokenness, offering hope and truth.
- Scripture:
 - *"For God so loved the world, that he gave his only Son, that whoever believes in him should not perish but have eternal life."* (John 3:16)
- Demonstration:
 - Personal compassion for the lost, willingness to go to the marginalized, and building relationships that reflect God's love.

3. Demonstrating Faith in Action

- Core Principle: The Kingdom operates on faith—trusting God's power, provision, and guidance. Evangelists embody this faith in their obedience to God's call, even in challenging situations.
- Scripture:
 - *"Without faith it is impossible to please him, for whoever would draw near to God must believe that he exists and that he rewards those who seek him."* (Hebrews 11:6)
- Demonstration:
 - Boldly sharing the Gospel in hostile or indifferent environments, trusting the Holy Spirit to convict and transform hearts.

4. Living as Ambassadors of the Kingdom

- Core Principle: Evangelists represent the Kingdom as its ambassadors, showing others what life under Christ's rule looks like.
- Scripture:
 - *"Therefore, we are ambassadors for Christ, God making his appeal through us."* (2 Corinthians 5:20)
- Demonstration:
 - Evangelists live lives of integrity, humility, and service, modeling Kingdom citizenship.

5. Calling Others to Repentance and Transformation

- Core Principle: Entry into the Kingdom requires repentance and a new way of living. Evangelists call people to turn from sin and align their lives with God's standards.
- Scripture:
 - *"Repent, for the kingdom of heaven is at hand."* (Matthew 3:2)
- Demonstration:
 - Communicating the need for repentance with grace and truth, emphasizing God's desire for a restored relationship with humanity.

6. Empowered by the Holy Spirit

- Core Principle: The power of the Kingdom is made evident through the work of the Holy Spirit in the evangelist's life.
- Scripture:
 - *"But you will receive power when the Holy Spirit has come upon you, and you will be my witnesses in Jerusalem and in all Judea and Samaria, and to the end of the earth."* (Acts 1:8)
- Demonstration:
 - Bold preaching, miraculous signs, and discernment are often present in their ministry, showing God's active power in advancing His Kingdom.

7. Prioritizing the Marginalized and Lost

- Core Principle: The Kingdom of God prioritizes the least, the lost, and the overlooked. Evangelists focus on these groups, bringing them into the fold of God's grace.
- Scripture:
 - *"The Spirit of the Lord is upon me, because he has anointed me to proclaim good news to the poor."* (Luke 4:18)
- Demonstration:
 - Evangelists often go to places others avoid, such as prisons, slums, or remote areas, to bring the Good News.

8. Building a Unified Body of Christ

- Core Principle: The Kingdom of God is unified, transcending divisions of race, class, and nationality. Evangelists work to bring people together under one Lord.
- Scripture:
 - *"There is neither Jew nor Greek, there is neither slave nor free, there is no male and female, for you are all one in Christ Jesus."* (Galatians 3:28)

- Demonstration:
 - Promoting reconciliation and unity within the Church, fostering Kingdom-centered community.

Conclusion

Evangelists demonstrate Kingdom principles by faithfully proclaiming the Gospel, embodying Christ's love and power, and leading others into a life-transforming relationship with God. Their work ensures that the Kingdom continues to expand, both spiritually and numerically, as they reflect the values and mission of God's reign.

- Activity:
 - Class will divide into two groups.
 - Assign one group as the "seeker" asking questions about faith (like "What is the Kingdom of God?" or "Why should I care about Jesus?")
 - The other group acts as the evangelist responding with Scripture, parables, and examples of the Kingdom in action.
 - Rotate Roles: Allow everyone to practice as both the seeker and the evangelist.
 - Debrief: Discuss the most challenging questions and how to answer them biblically and with compassion.

V. Collaboration and Practical Outreach

Evangelists thrive when they collaborate with others in the body of Christ. Their role is most effective when paired with apostles, prophets, pastors, teachers, and other believers to build up the Church. Evangelists should be taught to work with others and put their training into action:



1. Understanding the Five-Fold Ministry – Evangelists should know how their role complements the other ministry gifts described in Ephesians 4:11-12.

- **Key Lessons:**

- **Apostles:** Pioneers who plant churches and provide vision; evangelists can help apostles by bringing people into new communities.
- **Prophets:** Reveal God’s direction and heart; evangelists benefit from prophetic insights to target areas of spiritual need.
- **Pastors:** Shepherd and nurture believers; evangelists partner with pastors to ensure converts are disciplined and cared for.
- **Teachers:** Ground believers in sound doctrine; evangelists connect new believers with teachers to build a firm foundation in faith.

2. Teamwork in Evangelistic Efforts – Evangelists must be equipped to collaborate with teams during outreach and follow-up efforts.

- **Key Lessons:**

- Evangelism is not a solo mission—working with a team provides accountability, prayer support, and varied skills.
- Respecting others’ roles and contributions fosters unity and enhances effectiveness.
- Clear communication and planning are essential for successful teamwork.

3. Emphasizing Unity and Respect - Evangelist’s value and honor the contributions of other ministry roles.

- **Key Lessons:**

- Unity reflects the Kingdom of God and enhances credibility (John 17:21).
- Humility is vital: evangelists should avoid taking sole credit for Kingdom work.

- Sharing resources and ideas strengthens the mission.

4. Evaluating and Growing from Experiences - Evangelists reflect on their efforts, seek feedback, and grow.

- **Key Lessons:**

- Regularly review what went well and what could improve after outreach events.
- Celebrate successes while maintaining a heart of humility.
- Seek mentorship and continue learning from seasoned evangelists and ministry leaders.

5. Encouraging Long-Term Vision - Evangelists see their role as part of a lifelong calling, not just a short-term task.

- **Key Lessons:**

- Consistency and perseverance are key in spreading the Gospel.
- Evangelists should seek ways to mentor others, multiplying their efforts.
- Remaining rooted in prayer, Scripture, and a church community ensures sustained effectiveness.

VI. Preparing to Engage

1. Engaging Introduction

Being prepared to share the gospel with diverse groups is crucial for effective evangelism. Each group has unique perspectives, experiences, and challenges that require a tailored approach. By understanding and respecting these differences, evangelists can communicate the message of Jesus Christ more effectively and compassionately. Preparation helps in addressing specific concerns and questions and helps demonstrate the love and inclusivity of the gospel, making it accessible and relevant to everyone, regardless of their background or circumstances.

- Scripture: 1 Peter 3:15 - "But in your hearts revere Christ as Lord. Always be prepared to give an answer to everyone who asks you to give the reason for the hope that you have."

2. Understanding Different Groups

- Muslims:
 - Approach: Respect their beliefs, find common ground (e.g., belief in one God), and gently introduce Jesus as more than a prophet.
 - Scripture: John 14:6 - "Jesus answered, 'I am the way and the truth and the life. No one comes to the Father except through me.'"
 - Resource: How to Share the Gospel With Muslims.
<https://www.thegospelcoalition.org/article/how-to-share-the-gospel-with-muslims/>
- Atheists:
 - Approach: Use logical reasoning, personal testimonies, and the moral argument for God's existence.
 - Scripture: Romans 1:20 - "For since the creation of the world God's invisible qualities—his eternal power and divine nature—have been clearly seen, being understood from what has been made, so that people are without excuse."
 - Resource: How to Share the Gospel with an Atheist. <https://radical.net/article/share-gospel-atheist/>
- LGBT Community:
 - Approach: Show unconditional love, avoid judgment, and focus on identity in Christ.

- Scripture: 1 Corinthians 6:11 - "And that is what some of you were. But you were washed, you were sanctified, you were justified in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ and by the Spirit of our God."
- Resource: How to Share the Gospel With LGBT People.
<https://www.christianpost.com/voices/how-to-share-the-gospel-with-lgbt-people-part-1.html>
- Drug Addicts:
 - Approach: Offer hope, emphasize God's love and forgiveness, and provide practical support.
 - Scripture: 1 Corinthians 10:13 - "No temptation has overtaken you except what is common to mankind. And God is faithful; he will not let you be tempted beyond what you can bear."
 - Resource: How to Share the Gospel with Someone Struggling with Addiction.
<https://radical.net/article/share-gospel-someone-addiction/>
- Alcoholics:
 - Approach: Similar to drug addicts, focus on God's grace and the possibility of a new life.
 - Scripture: Matthew 11:28 - "Come to me, all you who are weary and burdened, and I will give you rest."
 - Resource: What Would Jesus Say to Someone Struggling with Alcoholism?
<https://lighthouse.network.org/resources/addictions/alcohol-rehab-guide/jesus-say-someone-struggling-alcoholism/>
- Murderers:
 - Approach: Emphasize God's forgiveness and the transformative power of the gospel.
 - Scripture: 1 John 1:9 - "If we confess our sins, he is faithful and just and will forgive us our sins and purify us from all unrighteousness."
 - Resource: Sharing Heaven with Serial Killers.
<https://www.thegospelcoalition.org/article/sharing-heaven-with-serial-killers/>

3. Role-Playing Scenarios

Scenario 1: Sharing with an LGBT Individual

Context: You meet Alex, who identifies as LGBT, at a community event. Alex is open to discussing faith but has had negative experiences with religious people in the past. Approach: Focus on God's unconditional love and the message of grace. Scripture: 1 Corinthians 6:11 - "And that is what some of you were. But you were washed, you were sanctified, you were justified in the name

of the Lord Jesus Christ and by the Spirit of our God." Role-Play: Practice listening to Alex's story, showing empathy, and gently sharing how God's love and grace are available to everyone.

Scenario 2: Sharing with an Atheist

Context: You have a coworker, Jamie, who is an atheist. Jamie is curious about why you believe in God but is skeptical about religion. Approach: Use logical reasoning, personal testimonies, and the moral argument for God's existence. Scripture: Romans 1:20 - "For since the creation of the world God's invisible qualities—his eternal power and divine nature—have been clearly seen, being understood from what has been made, so that people are without excuse." Role-Play: Practice explaining your faith in a way that respects Jamie's perspective, using personal experiences and logical arguments to illustrate your points.

Scenario 3: Sharing with a Drug Addict

Context: You volunteer at a local shelter and meet Sam, who is struggling with drug addiction. Sam feels hopeless and believes that no one can help them.

Approach: Offer hope, emphasize God's love and forgiveness, and provide practical support.

Scripture: 1 Corinthians 10:13 - "No temptation has overtaken you except what is common to mankind. And God is faithful; he will not let you be tempted beyond what you can bear."

Role-Play: Practice offering words of encouragement, sharing stories of transformation, and discussing practical steps Sam can take towards recovery with God's help.

4. Homework Assignment:

- Vision Mapping: Evangelists will write down personal evangelistic goals for the next year, focusing on outreach, mentorship, and collaboration.
- Discussion Question: "What challenges arise in teamwork, and how can we overcome them?"

5. Discuss Week 6 Outreach:

- Objective: Put all training into action by sharing the Gospel.
- Plan:
 - Select a location for outreach (e.g., a park, urban area, or neighborhood).
 - Begin with prayer and team organization.
 - Pair participants with experienced leaders for guidance.
 - Engage in evangelism: Distributing tracts, offering prayer, and sharing testimonies.
- Follow-Up:
 - Debrief after the outreach.
 - Share testimonies and lessons learned.

- Encourage participants to reflect on their growth and continue evangelizing.

Closing Prayer and Encouragement

- End with a prayer for wisdom, compassion, and boldness in sharing the gospel.